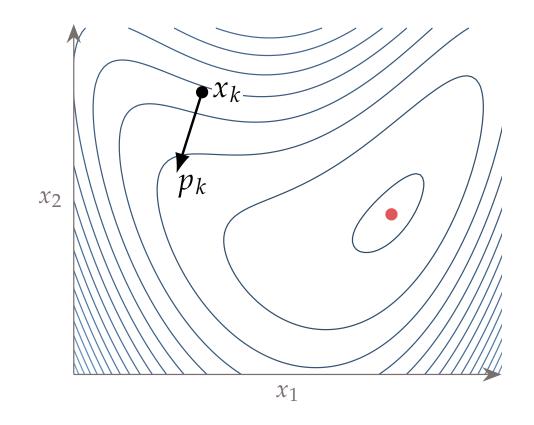
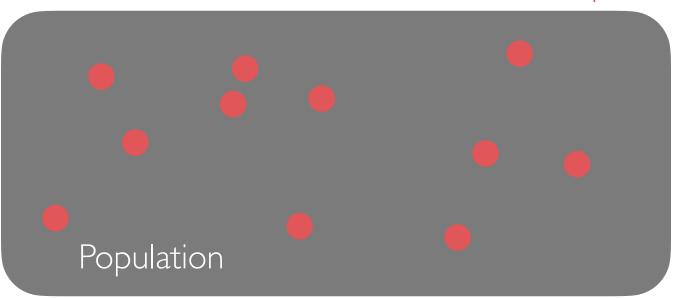
Confidence Intervals (continued)

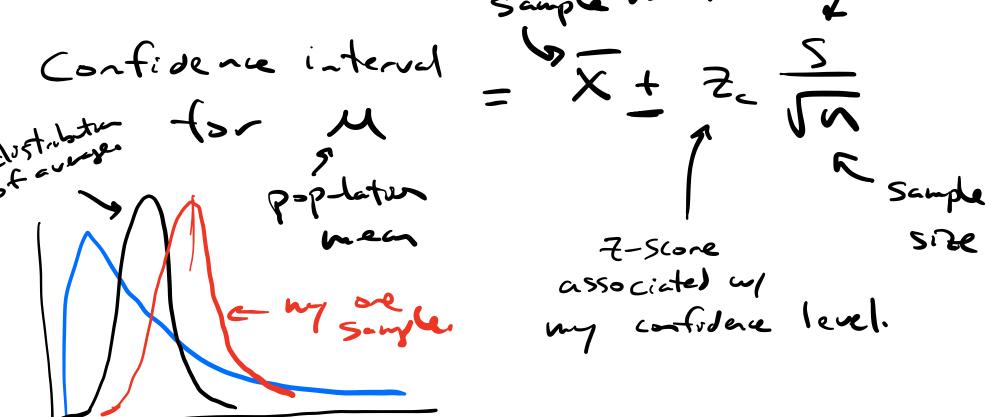
ME EN 275 Andrew Ning aning@byu.edu



Sample Statistics

Random Sample



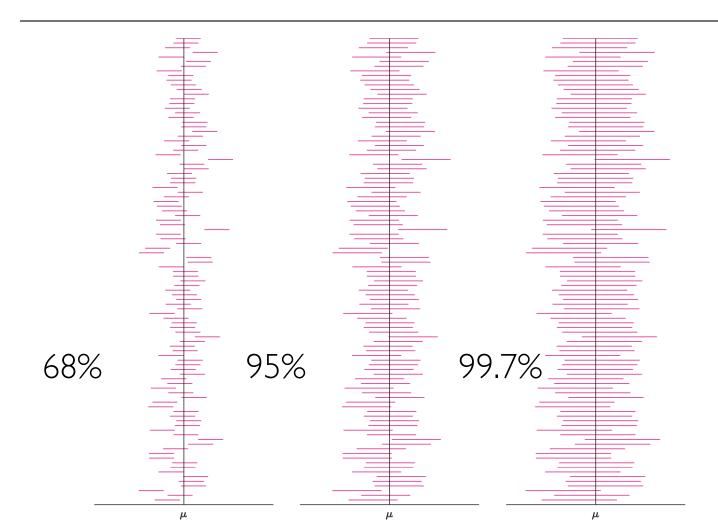


How do set set z_c

First, choose confidence level, say 90%

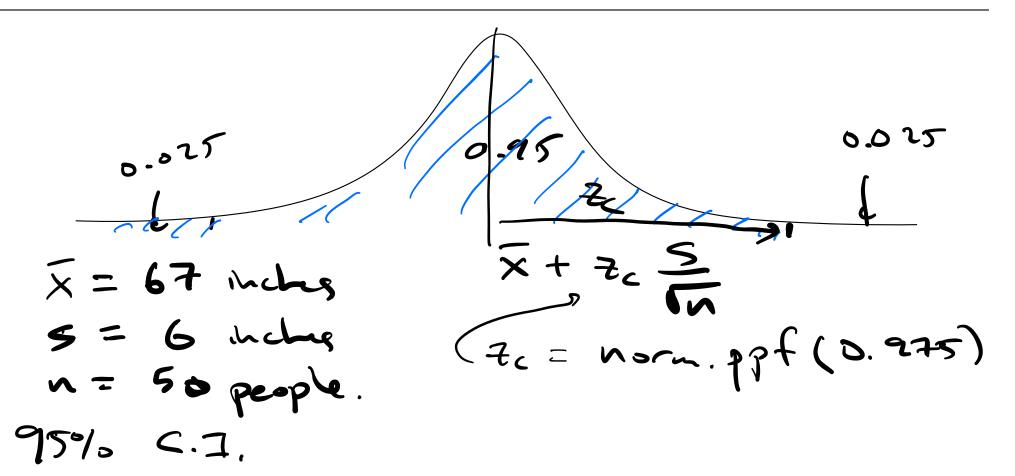
$$\frac{1}{2} = Norm. ppf(0.95) = 1.645$$

What confidence level should I use?



Statistics for Engineers and Scientists, Navidi

Example (heights)



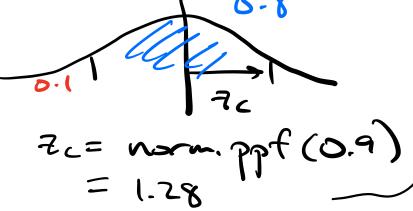
Now you try it

sample size = 50

$$\bar{x} = 12$$

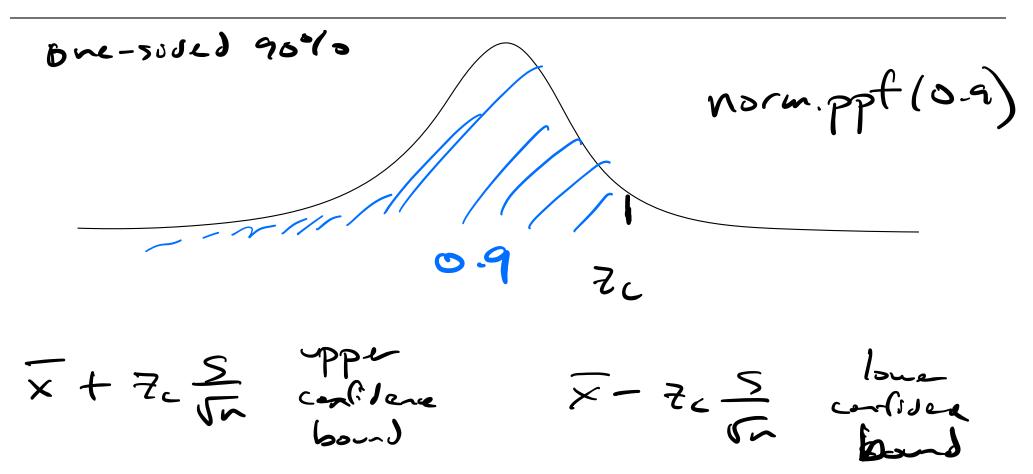
$$s_x = 1$$

find 80% confidence interval

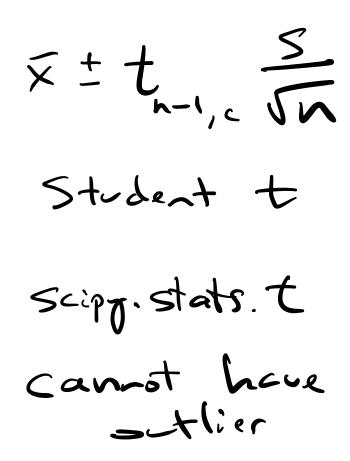


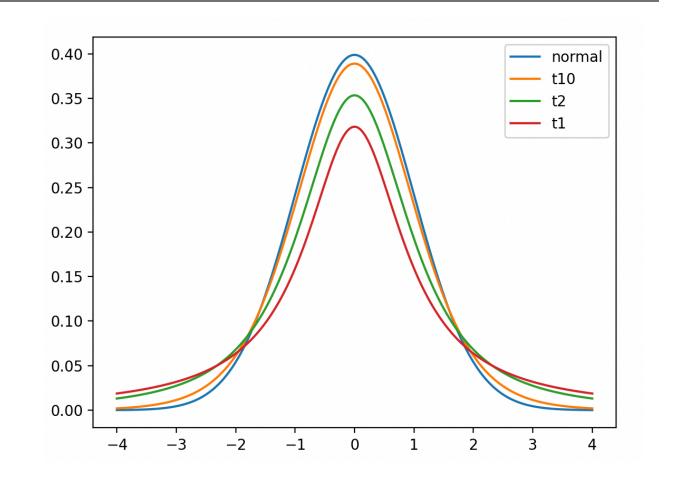
[11.82,12.18]

Sometimes one-sided confidence intervals are used



What is the sample size (n) is not large (n < 30)





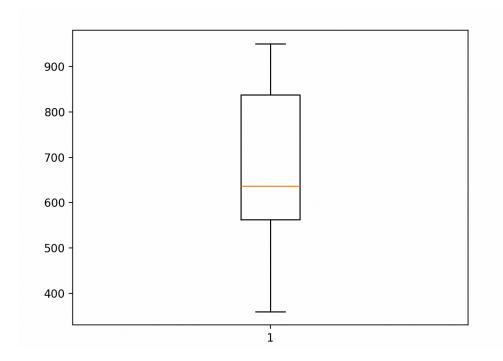
scipy.stats.t

sample of 15 concrete beams have shear strength with sample mean 668.27 and sample standard deviation of 192.089. What is 99% confidence interval for mean shear strength?

$$4.interval(0.99, 14, 668.27, \frac{192.089}{\sqrt{15}})$$

Statistics for Engineers and Scientists, Navidi

Boxplot



plt.boxplot([580, 400, 428, 825, 850, 875, 920, 550, 575, 750, 636, 360, 590, 735, 950])

Confidence Interval for Difference Between Two Means

Internal =
$$(\overline{x} - \overline{y}) \pm z_c / \frac{5x^2}{x} + \frac{5y^2}{x}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{x} - \mathcal{L}_{y}$$

Example

Female 17 5.353 2.743

Male 17 3.882 2.985

$$\overline{x}-\overline{5}=1.471$$

Confident led 95%

 $\overline{7}=1.97$
 $\overline{7}=1.97$
 $\overline{7}=1.97$
 $\overline{7}=1.97$
 $\overline{7}=1.97$
 $\overline{7}=32$
 $\overline{7}=32$

Online Stats Book, David Lane